

The number of fiberings of a surface bundle over a surface

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Basic fact

A manifold E sometimes can be a manifold bundle over a manifold in many ways

• Thurston studied 3-manifold case (Thurston norm)

if E^3 is a surface bundle over circle and $b_1(E^3) > 1$
 \Rightarrow infinitely many ways to fiber over a circle

related to subsets of $H^1(E, \mathbb{R})$

This talk 4-manifolds

$$SFib(E^4) = \{ S_g \rightarrow E \rightarrow B \}_{g>1, B \text{ surf}} / \pi_1^* E$$

π_1 Equivalent

$$1 \rightarrow \pi_1(F_1) \xrightarrow{p_1^*} \pi_1(E) \rightarrow \pi_1(B_1) \rightarrow 1$$

$$p_1 \sim p_2 \text{ if } p_{1*}(\pi_1(F_1)) = p_{2*}(\pi_1(F_2))$$

\Rightarrow fiberwise diffeomorphism

2 What is known

① FEA Johnson

$$SFib(E^4) < C(\chi(E)) < \infty$$

$$\cdot \chi(E) > 0 \quad \chi(E) = \chi(B) \times \chi(F)$$

$$\text{case } \chi(E) = 0 \quad E = S^1 \times E^3$$

Proof idea: ① $\chi(E) = \chi(B) \chi(F)$

only finitely many # for $\chi(B), \chi(F)$

② $g(B) > g(F) \Rightarrow 1$ fibering (prove later)

③ $\exists \tilde{B} \rightarrow B$

$g(\tilde{B}) > g(F)$ E has 1 fibering
finite # of covers

② Salter: Monodromy criterion for $SFib(E) = 1$

$$S_g \rightarrow E$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$B$$

$$\rho: \pi_1(B) \rightarrow \text{Mod}(S_g) \cong \pi_0(\text{Diff}(S_g))$$

$$\rho_H: \pi_1(B) \rightarrow \text{Aut}(H_1(S_g)) = \text{Sp}(2g; \mathbb{Z})$$

$$\text{Salter: } H_1(S_g)^{\pi_1(B)} = \{0\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{SFib}(E) = 1$$

$$\text{Prop (Salter)} \Rightarrow \textcircled{b}$$

$$F_1 \rightarrow E \xrightarrow{P_i} B_i \quad P_1 \neq P_2$$

$$P_1^* H^1(B_1; \mathbb{Q}) \cap P_2^* H^1(B_2; \mathbb{Q}) = \{0\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \textcircled{b} \quad b_1(E) \leq b_1(B) + b_1(F)$$

$$b_1(E) > b_1(B_1) + b_1(B_2)$$

Af of Salter Prop:

$$\text{Hom}(\pi_1(X); \mathbb{Q}) = H^1(X; \mathbb{Q})$$

pf by contradiction

$$\alpha \in P_1^* H^1(B_1) \cap P_2^* H^1(B_2)$$

$$\alpha \neq 0$$

$$\pi_1(F_2) \rightarrow \pi_1(E) \rightarrow \pi_1(B_2)$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \alpha_2$$

$$P_1(\pi_1(F_2)) \subseteq \pi_1(B_1) \xrightarrow{\alpha_1} \mathbb{Q}$$

finite gen

Key property: ^{nontrivial} fin gen normal subgroup of $\pi_1(S_g)$ or F_n ($g \geq 2$) is finite index

so trivial $\Rightarrow \pi_1 E$

nontrivial fin. index \Rightarrow contradiction

$$\text{SFib}(S_g \times S_n) = 2 \text{ Salter}$$

Problem: Do you have E nontrivial $\text{SFib}(E) > 1$?

3. The Atiyah-Kodaira Example

Th^m(Atiyah-Kodaira)

$$\exists M_{AK} \text{ s.t. } \# \text{SFib}(M_{AK}) \geq 2$$

$$S_{321} \rightarrow M_{AK} \rightarrow S_3$$

$$S_6 \rightarrow M_{AK} \xrightarrow{P} S_{129}$$

$$\sigma(M_{AK}) \neq 0$$

$$p_H = 0 \Rightarrow \sigma(E) = 0$$

Idea (construction)

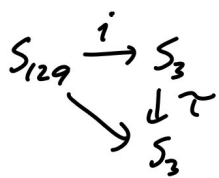
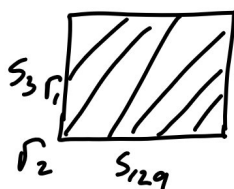


$\tau \text{ not } \neq 180^\circ$

for each x take 2 fold branched cover over S_3 branched over $\tau, \tau(x)$
 can't do globally so take cover of S_3 to get S_{129}

Global picture:

$$\pi_1(S_3) \rightarrow H_1(S_3; \mathbb{Z}/2) \quad \# \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{matrix}$$



$$[\Gamma_1] + [\Gamma_2] = 0 \quad H_2(S_3 \times S_{129}; \mathbb{Z}/2)$$

$$\text{Cover } M_{AK} \rightarrow S_3 \times S_{129}$$

construction not unique

Question: Does there exist other fiberings?

4. Main Result

$$\underline{\text{Th}}^m(C.): \# \text{SFib}(M_{AK}) = 2$$

Prop (Criterion for SFib(E) = 2)

$$F_1 \rightarrow E \xrightarrow{p_i} B_1 \quad g(F_1) > 1 \\ g(B_1) > 1$$

$$(p_1, p_2)^*: H^*(E; \mathbb{Q}) \cong p_1^* H^*(B_1) \oplus p_2^* H^*(B_2)$$

$$H^*(B_1 \times B_2) \rightarrow H^*(E; \mathbb{Q}) \\ \text{inj} \\ \Rightarrow \text{SFib}(E) = 2$$

Key lemma (C)

$$H^*(M_{AK}; \mathbb{Q}) = p_1^* H^*(S_3; \mathbb{Q}) \oplus p_2^* H^*(S_{129}; \mathbb{Q})$$

Proof of Main result using key lemma

$$M_{AK} \rightarrow S_3 \times S_{129} \quad 2 \text{ cover}$$

$$H^*(M_{AK}) \cong H^*(S_3 \times S_{129})$$

Poincaré Duality

$$H^*(S_3 \times S_{129}; \mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow H^*(M_{AK}; \mathbb{Q}) \quad \text{inj} \quad \forall x \\ \kappa \longrightarrow 0$$

$$\kappa \cup \rho = [S_3 \times S_{129}]$$

$$H^*(M_{AK}; \mathbb{Q}) = p_1^* H^*(S_3; \mathbb{Q}) \oplus p_2^* H^*(S_{129}; \mathbb{Q}) \\ a = b + c$$

if 3rd fibering p_3

$$p_3^* H^*(B; \mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow H^*(E; \mathbb{Q}) \\ b + c \quad b \neq 0$$

$$(b+c) \cup (b'+c') \neq 0$$

$$g(B) \geq 2 \quad \pi_1(B) = a_1, b_1, a_2, b_2, \dots \\ a_1 \cup a_2 = 0$$

$$\exists a \cup a' = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

Application of Criterion

$$\text{Th}^k(c) \quad g > 1 \quad k > 1$$

$$E \rightarrow S_g \times S_k \quad \text{cover}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{SFib}(E) = 2$$

Pf of Key lemma

$$0 \rightarrow H^*(S_{129}; \mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow H^*(M_{AK}; \mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow H^*(S_3; \mathbb{Q}) \xrightarrow{\pi_1(S_{129})} 0$$

$$\text{Only need to show } H^*(S_6; \mathbb{Q}) \xleftarrow{\text{inj}} H^*(S_3; \mathbb{Q})$$

Monodromy description M_{AK}

What do you mean by taking branched cover at sections?

Key: point-pushing

$$\pi_1(S_{129}) = \pi_1(S_3)^2 = \langle g^2 \mid g \in \pi_1(S_3) \rangle$$

$$\text{Computation} \Rightarrow H^1(S_3; \mathbb{Q}) = H^1(S_6; \mathbb{Q})^{\pi_1(S_{129})}$$

5. More...

Question: $\exists E$ st. $S\text{Fib}(E) > 2$?

Salter 2015: $\forall N > 0 \exists M^4$ st.

$$\# S\text{Fib}(M^4) > N$$

$$M_5 = (S_9 \times S_9 \setminus \Delta) \cup (S_9 \times S_9 \setminus \Delta)$$

$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow p_1 & \searrow p_2 & \\ S_9 & & S_9 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow p_1 & \searrow p_2 & \\ S_9 & & S_9 \end{array}$

get $S\text{Fib}(M_5) \geq 4$

$$\underline{\text{Th}}^m(C): |S\text{Fib}(M_5^4)| = 4$$

Remark: Only values of $|S\text{Fib}(M_5^4)|$ 0, 1, 2, 4

Open Question: Can you find M^4 st.
 $|S\text{Fib}(M^4)| = 3$?