## Math 4432-Spring 2021 <br> Homework 1

Work all these problems and talk to me if you have any questions on them, but carefully write up and turn in only problems 1, 6, 10, 11, 12, and 13. Due: by 5:00 pm on January 29

1. Show the figure eight knot is not 3 colorable.
2. Find all the topologies on the set $\{a, b, c\}$. Which are homeomorphic.

Let $(X, \mathcal{T})$ be a topological space and $A \subset X$. The subspace topology on $A$ is the topology on $A$ defined by $\mathcal{T}_{A}=\{U \cap A \mid U \in \mathcal{T}\}$.
3. Show $\mathcal{T}_{A}$ is a topology on $A$.

This is not a homework problem but the following fact is useful and I encourage you to think about why it is true.
Fact: If $\mathcal{B}$ is a basis for $\mathcal{T}$ show that $\mathcal{B}_{A}=\{U \cap A \mid U \in \mathcal{C}\}$ is a basis for $\mathcal{B}_{A}$.
4. Let $\mathbb{R}$ be the $x$-axis in $\mathbb{R}^{2}$. Show the subspace topology on $\mathbb{R}$ is the same as the standard topology on $\mathbb{R}$ defined in class.

Let $(X, \mathcal{T})$ and $\left(Y, \mathcal{T}^{\prime}\right)$ be two topological spaces. Set $\mathcal{B}=\left\{U \times V \mid U \in \mathcal{T}\right.$ and $\left.V \in \mathcal{T}^{\prime}\right\}$.
5. Show $\mathcal{B}$ is a basis for a topology on $X \times Y$. This is called the product topology.
6. Show the product topology on $\mathbb{R}^{2}=\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$ is the same as the standard topology on $\mathbb{R}^{2}$.
7. The product of two Hausdorff spaces is Hausdorff.
8. If $f: X \rightarrow Y$ and $g: Y \rightarrow Z$ are continuous maps then show that $g \circ f: X \rightarrow Z$ is a continuous map.
9. Show the projection onto either factor of a product space is continuous. That is show the maps $X \times Y \rightarrow X:(x, y) \mapsto x$ and $X \times Y \rightarrow Y:(x, y) \mapsto y$ are continuous.
10. Given a map $f: Z \rightarrow X \times Y$ you can always think of it as defined by $f(z)=(g(z), h(z))$ where $g: Z \rightarrow X$ and $h: Z \rightarrow Y$. Show that $f$ is continuous if and only if $g$ and $h$ are both continuous.
11. Finite sets in a Hausdorff space are closed.

Hint: First prove that sets with one point in them are closed.
A topological space $X$ is called $2^{\text {nd }}$ countable if it has a countable basis.
A set $A$ in a topological space $X$ is said to be dense in $X$ if $\bar{A}=X$.
A topological space $X$ is said to be separable if it has a countable dense subset.
12. Show a set $A$ in $X$ is dense if and only if every non-empty set in a basis for the topology of $X$ contains a point of $A$.
13. Show a $2^{\text {nd }}$ countable space $X$ is $1^{\text {st }}$ countable and separable.

