

# Math 6441 - Spring 2018

## Homework 3

Read Chapter 1.2 and 1.3 in Hatcher.

Work all these problems and talk to me if you have any questions on them, but carefully write up and turn in **only** problems 1, 5, 9, 10, and 11. **Due: In class on February 7.**

1. Let  $G_1$  and  $G_2$  be non-trivial groups. Show that  $G_1 * G_2$  is non-abelian, has elements of infinite order, and has trivial center.
2. Prove that a finite order element of  $G_1 * G_2$  is either an element in  $G_1$ , in  $G_2$  or a conjugate of such an element.
3. Show that the maximal order of an element of  $\mathbb{Z}_n * \mathbb{Z}_m$  is the maximum of  $n$  and  $m$ .
4. Suppose a group  $G$  has a presentation  $\langle x_1, \dots, x_n | r_1, \dots, r_m \rangle$  where the relators are

$$r_i = x_{i_1}^{s_{i_1}} \cdots x_{i_{k_i}}^{s_{i_{k_i}}}$$

for  $i = 1, \dots, m$ , and the  $s_i$  are  $\pm 1$ . Then show that if  $H$  is any other group and  $h_1, \dots, h_n$  are any elements of  $H$  that satisfy

$$h_{i_1}^{s_{i_1}} \cdots h_{i_{k_i}}^{s_{i_{k_i}}} = e_h,$$

where  $e_H$  is the identity element in  $H$ , then there is a unique homomorphism  $\phi : G \rightarrow H$  such that  $\phi(x_i) = h_i$ .

5. Prove that the groups  $\langle x, y | x^2 y^2 \rangle$  and  $\langle a, b | b a b a^{-1} \rangle$  are isomorphism.
6. Show that  $\mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}$  has presentation  $\langle x, y | x y x^{-1} y^{-1} \rangle$ .
7. Consider the rational numbers  $\mathbb{Q}$  as a group under addition. Show that  $\mathbb{Q}$  has presentation

$$\langle x_i, i = 1, 2, 3, \dots | x_n^n = x_{n-1}, i > 1 \rangle.$$

Hint: try to construct a map by sending  $x_i$  to  $\frac{1}{n!}$ .

8. Let  $X$  be the union of the unit sphere  $S^2$  in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and the unit disk  $D^2$  in the  $xy$ -plane. Compute  $\pi_1(X)$ .
9. Take two copies of the torus  $S^1 \times S^1$  and let  $X$  be the space obtained by identifying  $S^1 \times \{pt\}$  in one torus with  $S^1 \times \{pt\}$  in the other torus using the identity map on  $S^1$ . Compute  $\pi_1(X, x_0)$ .
10. Given a map  $f : X \rightarrow X$  the **mapping torus**  $T_f$  of  $f$  is the space obtained from  $X \times [0, 1]$  by identifying  $(x, 0)$  with  $(f(x), 1)$  for all  $x \in X$ . If  $X = S^1 \vee S^1$  and  $f$  is a base point preserving map, write a presentation for  $\pi_1(T_f)$  in terms of the map  $f_* : \pi_1(X, x_0) \rightarrow \pi_1(X, x_0)$ . Do the same for  $X = S^1 \times S^1$ .
11. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two non-empty spaces. If  $X$  is path connected then show that the join  $X * Y$  simply-connected.
12. Let  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  be the torus  $S^1 \times S^1$  with an open disk removed and  $C'' = S^1 \times \{pt\}$  in  $X_1$  (we assume the disk that is removed is disjoint from  $C''$ ). Let  $X$  be  $X_1 \cup X_2$  with the boundaries glued together. So  $X$  is a genus 2 surface. Let  $C$  be the boundary of  $X_1$  sitting in  $X$  and  $C'$  be  $C''$  thought of as a subset of  $X$ . Show there is no retraction from  $X$  to  $C$  but there is a retraction from  $X$  to  $C'$ . (Hint: what is  $C$  in the abelianization of  $\pi_1(X)$ ?)